

Terminología en Fletes Aéreo y Marítimo.

Air Freight Rate	Air freight rate - structured as follows: M/M - Minimum -45 kgs	ETS/ETD	Estimated time of sailing/Estimated time of departure	Lower deck	Loading on the lower deck (passenger + freight aircraft)
	(N)-ormal rate +45 kgs +100 kgs	FCL/FCL	Full container load = container from one sender to one recipient	Main deck	Loading on the main deck (generally freight aircraft)
	+300 kgs +500 kgs +1,000 kgs	FCL/LCL	One sender but more than one recipient per container; the container is unloaded at the CFS in the destination port or destination country	MAWB	Master air waybill = waybill for the individual consolidated shipment or direct consignment
				M/M	Minimum freight
	Calculated in the respective currency per kilogram.	Feeder Service	Feeder service between secondary poorts or smaller ports and main ports	NVOCC	Non vessel operating common carrier = transport company/carrier who undertakes to transport goods by sea without owning his own ships;
AWB	Air waybill	Compulsory	In certain regions, the maritime shipper or air freight carrier only agrees to transport the goods following payment at the port/place of departure		frequently found in the LCL/LCL segment; NVOCC bills of lading are fully bankable
BAF	Bunker adjustment factor = surcharge/discount on the ocean freight rate to offset the oil price - either a fixed sum per TEU or in percent	Prepayment			
				Devilee d	Weight of an all loaded into a south in a
				Payload	Weight of goods loaded into a container
Barge	Standarized large floating container	Freight Prepaid	Sender or supplier pays for freight trasport in advance	PAX	Indicates hazardous goods that may also be transported on passenger planes
B/L	Bill of lading				
Bond	Above all in the USA region - single entry bonds and continuous bonds are a form of security or guarantee that customs duty is paid in the USA	Freight Collect	The buyer pays for freight transport when he recieves the goods	bill/Express not negotiab B/L problem-free port; connot	Sea waybill for wich no originals are created; not negotiable like the B/L - allows rapid and problem-free delivery of goods in the destination
		Fuel Surcharge	Fuel surcharge levied by the airline per kg		port; connot be usedin all regions; is not used in the case of letters of credit
Break Bulk	Non-containerized shipping of goods; goods are loaded on conventional ships or Ro/Ro ships	Full Set	Full set of original B/L, generally 3/3		
		G/A	General average = accident of a ship at sea	Security Surcharge	Security surcharge levied by the airline per kg
CAD	Cash against documents = clause stipulating that the agreed paument is to be made after certain documents (generally bill of ladin) are handed over	Gross Weight	Weight of goods including packaging	SMA	Security manifest amendment fee
			House air waybill for the individual consignment in a consolidated shipment	SMD	Security manifest documentation fee
		HAWB		Striping	Unloading of (consolidated) containers
		IATA	International Air Transport Association	Stuffing	Loading of a container
CAF	Currency adjustment factor used to calculate a surcharge or discount on the ocean freight rate		Institute Cargo Clauses = general insurance terms for goods transport	TEU	Twenty feet equivalent unit, 20` ISO unit
		I.C.C.			
Cargo Aircraft	Indicates hazardous goods that may only be loaded on cargo planes	IFP	see BAF	TACT	The Air Cargo Tariff
		irr	see dar	THC	Terminal handling charges
only (CAO)	Container freight station = container loading	IMDG	International code issued by the IMO governing the maritime shipping of dangerous goods; generally in conformance with the German	Three letter code	Every airport has a code comprising three letters: e.g: FRA = Frankfurt, CGN = Cologne, VIE = Vienna, MVD = Montevideo
	and unloading point for LCL shipments		GGVS regulations	ULD	Unit load device (e.g. container, pallet etc.)
C.O.D.	Cash on delivery			VAT	Value added tax
Conges- tion Surcharge	Surcharge on ocean freight rate for mooring fees in the port if it is "congested"; generally a fixed amount per TEU or W/M	IMO	International Maritime Organization = an advisory international maritime shipping organization whose mission is to improve shipping safety	Volume	Dimensional weight in the air freight sector based on a ratio of 1:6; calculation: L cm x W cm x H cm / 6000 = dimensional weight to be compared to the actual weight of
CSC	Container service charge (also see THC)	In bond	Duty-unpaid goods under customs bond		the shipment. The higher weight is used as a basis for calculating freight fees.
CY	Container yard = delivery or reception point for full FCL containers or empty containers	L/C	Letter of credit		
		1.01.77			
Demurrage	Mooring fee if agreed loading or unloading time is exceeded	LCL/FCL	More than one sender but one recipient per container - the container is loaded at the CFS in the country or port of departure and shipped right through to the recipient	W/M	Weight/Measurement, freight rates per 1,000 kg or per 1,000 cbm at discretion of shipper per package - i.e. shipper has the right to charge the highest freight fee Actual weight FRT 1 crate 200 x 200 x 200 cm 8.000 cbm 5,000 kg 8.000 1 crate 300 x 100 x 100 cm 3.000 cbm 5,000 kg 9.000 1 pallet 120 x 100 x 100 cm 1.200 cbm 5,000 kg 1.200 Total 12.200 cbm 10,500 kg 14.200 Rate EUR 100 W/M x 14.200 FRT = ocean freight 1,420 EUR
Detention	Charge for the late return of containers				
DGR	Dangerous goods regulations = govern the air transport of hazaroud goods	LCL/LCL	Less than container load = general cargo consignments shipped by (consolidated)		